BIDFORD ON AVON PARISH COUNCIL In the County of Warwickshire



SEXUAL AND GENERAL HARASSMENT POLICY MAY 2025

General Principles

- 1. Bidford on Avon Parish Council ("the Council") recognizes that harassment and victimization is unlawful under the Equality Act 2010. As such, harassment or victimization on the grounds of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy or maternity, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.
- 2. Personal harassment takes many forms ranging from tasteless jokes and abusive remarks to pestering for sexual favours, threatening behaviour and actual physical abuse. For the purposes of this policy, it also includes bullying.
- 3. Bullying is understood to be targeted and persistent offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour and can include the abuse or misuse of power to undermine, humiliate, denigrate or injure the recipient
- 4. Whatever form it takes, personal harassment is always taken seriously and is totally unacceptable.
- 5. The Council recognizes that personal harassment can exist in the workplace, as well as outside, and that this can seriously affect employees' working lives by interfering with their job performance or by creating a stressful, intimidating and unpleasant working environment.

- 6. The Council deplores all forms of personal harassment and seeks to ensure that the working environment is sympathetic to all employees. The aim of this policy is to inform employees of the type of behaviour that is unacceptable and provide employees who are the victims of personal harassment with a means of redress
- 7. The Council recognizes that it has a duty to implement this policy and all employees are expected to comply with it
- 8. This policy applies to all employees of Bidford on Avon Parish Council including both paid staff (permanent, temporary or casual) and volunteers. All are referred to as "employees" for the purpose of this policy

Examples of personal harassment

- 9. Personal harassment takes many forms and employees may not always realise that their behaviour constitutes harassment. Personal harassment is unwanted behaviour by one employee towards another and examples of harassment include:
 - a. Insensitive jokes and/or pranks
 - b. Lewd or abusive comments
 - c. Deliberate exclusion from conversations
 - d. Displaying abusive or offensive writing or material
 - e. Abusive, threatening or insulting words or behaviour
 - f. Name-calling
 - q. Picking on someone or setting them up to fail
 - h. Exclusion or victimization
 - i. Undermining their contribution/position
 - i. Demanding a greater work output than is reasonably feasible
 - k. Blocking promotion or development/advancement
- These examples are not exhaustive and disciplinary action at the appropriate level will be taken against employees committing any form of personal harassment

Examples of sexual harassment

11. Sexual harassment can take place in many forms within the workplace and can go undetected for a period of time where employees do not understand that particular behaviour is classed as sexual harassment. Sexual harassment is unwanted behaviour

related to sex, or of a sexual nature, by one employee to another and examples of sexual harassment include

- a. Lewd or abusive comments of a sexual nature such as regarding an individual's appearance or body
- b. Unwelcome touching of a sexual nature
- c. Displaying sexually suggestive or sexually offensive writing or material
- d. Asking guestions of a sexual nature
- e. Sexual propositions or advances whether made in writing or verbally
- 12. Sexual harassment can also take place where an employee is treated less favourably because they have rejected, or submitted to, the unwanted conduct that is related to sex or is of a sexual nature. Whether less favourable treatment occurs as a result will be examined broadly and includes areas such as blocking promotion and refusal of training opportunities or other development opportunities.

Examples of victimization

13. Victimisation takes place when an employee is treated unfavourably as a direct result of raising a genuine complaint of discrimination or harassment. Furthermore, any employee who supports or assists another employee to raise a complaint is also subjected to victimisation if any are treated unfavourably

Third party harassment

- 14. The Council operates a zero tolerance policy in relation to harassment perpetrated against one of its employees by a third party, such as a client/customer or visitor to the Parish Council. All employees are encouraged to report any and all instances of harassment that involves a third party inline with its reporting procedure, as outlined below
- 15. If the Council find that the allegation is well-founded, the Council will take all steps deemed necessary in order to remedy this complaint. This can include but is not limited to:

- a. Warning the third party about the inappropriate nature of their behaviour
- b. Banning the third party from Council premises
- c. Reporting the third party's actions to the Police

In addition to this, the Council will endeavour to take all reasonable steps to deter and prevent any form of harassment from third parties taking place

Employee responsibilities

- 16. The council requires its employees to behave appropriately and professionally at all times during the working day, and this may extend to events outside of working hours which are classes as work related such as social events. Employees should not engage in discriminatory, harassing or aggressive behaviour towards any person at any time.
- 17. Any form of harassment of victimisation may lead to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal if it is committed:
 - a. In a work situation
 - b. During any situation related to work, such as social events
 - c. Against a colleague or other person connected with the Council outside of a work situation, including on social media
 - d. Against anyone outside of a work situation where the incident is relevant to their suitability to carry out the role
- 18. A breach of the policy will be treated as a disciplinary matter

Council responsibilities

- 19. The Council will be responsible for ensuring that all employees understand the rules and policies relating to the prevention of harassing and bullying behaviour at work and during work-related social events. The Council will promote a professional and positive workplace whereby senior staff are alert and proactively identify areas of risk and incidents of harassment, sexual harassment and bullying.
- 20. The Council will also take into account aggravating factors, such as abuse of power over a more junior colleague, when deciding what disciplinary action to take

21. Where an incident is witnessed, or a complaint is made under this policy, the Council will take prompt action to deal with this matter. All incidents will be deemed serious and dealt within in a sensitive and confidential manner.

Complaining about harassment and/or bullying

Informal method

- 22. The Council recognises that complaints of personal harassment, and particularly of sexual harassment, can sometimes be of sensitive or intimate nature and that it may not be and that it may not be appropriate for the employee to raise the issue through the normal grievance procedure. In these circumstances the employee is encouraged to raise such issues with another colleague of their choice as a confidential helper
- 23. If an employee considers themselves to be a victim of minor harassment they should make it clear to the harasser on an informal basis that their behaviour is unwelcome and ask the harasser on an informal basis to stop. If they feel unable to do this verbally then they should hand a written request to the harasser, and their confidential helper can assist them on this.

Formal method

- 24. Where the informal approach fails, or if the harassment is more serious, the employee should bring the matter to the attention of the Parish Clerk as a formal, written grievance and, again, the confidential helper can assist on this. If possible, the employee should keep notes of the harassment so that the written complaint can include:
 - a. The name of the alleged harasser
 - b. The nature of the alleged harassment
 - c. The dates and times when the alleged harassment occurred
 - d. The names of any witnesses
 - e. Any action already taken by them to stop the alleged harassment
- 25. Where it is not possible to make the informal complaint to the above-mentioned person, for example, where they are the alleged harasser, the employee should raise the complaint to the Chairman

of the Staffing Committee or, if not possible, another Parish Councillor

- 26. On receipt of a formal complaint, the Council will take action to separate the employee from the alleged harasser to enable an uninterrupted investigation to take place. This may involve a temporary transfer of the alleged harasser to another work area or suspension with contractual pay until the matter has been resolved.
- 27. The complaint will be dealt with in accordance with the Formal Grievance Procedure under the Council's Grievance Policy.
- 28. If the decision is that the allegation is well founded, the harasser will be liable to disciplinary action in accordance with the Descipline Policy up to and including dismissal.
- 29. The Council is committed to ensuring employees are not discouraged from using this procedure and no employee will be victimised for having brought a complaint.
- 30. This Policy will be reviewed by Council every 2 years or earlier if required

Adopted by Bidford on Avon Parish Council – 19th May 2025

Review date – May 2027